An Overview of the Finite Element Models Available for the DPW-8 / AePW-4 Hybrid Working Groups



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https://www.aiaa-dpw.org

https://nescacademy.larc.nasa.gov/workshops/AePW4/public



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Introduction



• Two hybrid working groups for the DPW-8 / AePW-4 effort

- 1. Static Deformation Working Group
 - Sting-mounted Common Research Model (CRM) tested at the LaRC NTF
 - A finite element model is needed for all of the aeroelastic simulations conducted in this WG
- 2. Buffet Working Group
 - Sting-mounted Common Research Model tested at JAXA
 - This WG has an initial focus on unsteady simulations of <u>rigid</u> configurations
 - But later test cases will consider flexible CRM models, necessitating a finite element model
- This presentation will give a brief overview of the finite element models provided to workshop participants for both WGs

Static Deformation WG: FEMs



- Tet-blasted Nastran full-span FEM, clamped inside the fuselage in-between the wings (red cylinder)
 - Created for DPW-5 by J. Moore at LaRC
 - Used occasionally by participants since
 DPW-5, but never validated experimentally
- We've halved the model to accommodate the half span CFD
 - Not easy to do: the original FEM had elements that lived on both sides of the symmetry plane
- We've also created an equivalent beam model



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Static Deformation WG: Eq. Beam Verification





Static Deformation WG: FEM Validation

- In April 2025, we performed a static loads test, and a tap test, of the CRM model
- Digital image correlation (DIC) was used to track model deformation under loads, with a speckle pattern adhered to the two wings and fuselage
- We are still working to parse the DIC data, recreate the load cases in the FEM, and compare the two
- We will also compare the tap-test data with a modal analysis of the FEM









- JAXA has created tet-blasted full and half span Nastran FEM models, including the sting assembly
- The clamped boundary condition is applied at the end of the sting support
- These FEMs will not be released, but a simpler stick/plate model has been publicly released



Buffet WG: Stick/Plate Models



- In the Static Deformation WG, we tuned the stiffness/inertial properties of the beam model to match the full-FEM model
- Here: the full-FEM modal content is simply mapped/interpolated onto the stick/plate
- If participants will couple their CFD solver to a modal structural solver for unsteady simulations (which is probably typical for most), then this stick/plate model will suffice
- If participants need to couple their CFD solver to a full FEM, this will not be possible: since a real FEM of the stick/plate model does not exist





antisymmetric bending mode

Buffet WG: FEM Validation



- Natural frequencies measured via a tap test of the model were compared against computed natural frequencies
 - Left wing: 19, 71, 144, 206, and 337 Hz
 - Right wing: 19, 50, 71, 159, 206, and 337 Hz
- Good comparison with the computed frequencies:
 - 19.51 Hz: vertical sting pitch
 - 51.99 Hz: first symmetric bending
 - 72.66 Hz: first antisymmetric bending







FEM Status and Outlook



Static Deformation WG:

- Full span, half span, and beam models live here:
- <u>https://dpw.larc.nasa.gov/DPW8/Static_Deformation/Test_Case_2/FEM_Models/</u>
- We are still working to compare these FEM models against recent static-loads and tap-test data
- Assuming some (hopefully small) change is needed to the FEM, it is unclear the best way to make that change

• Buffet WG:

- Full and half span beam/stick models (both grids and mode shapes) live here:
- <u>https://cfdws.chofu.jaxa.jp/apc/dpw/</u>
- Validation of this FEM is complete
- For participants who will couple their CFD solvers to a modal representation of the structure, this is sufficient
- But this will not work for any participants needing a full-FEM for coupling